

# Instruction Manual (Original Instructions)

# Oil-free Scroll Vacuum Pump

# ISP-250C ISP-500C

This instruction manual includes very important warnings, cautions and operating procedure in order to operate this pump safely and efficiently. Be sure to read this instruction manual thoroughly and fully understand before operation.

After reading it, store it in a convenient place for immediate and future reading.

\*Before use, be sure to fill in the blank spaces below for future repair and after-service.

Serial No.

Who sold it to you

Purchase date

When you began operation

# Declaration of Conformity

: Scroll Vacuum Pump		
Name and address of the authorised representative :		
n ANEST IWATA EUROPE GmbH Kohoku-ku, Am StahlbUgel 2, 74206 Bad Wimpfen, Germany		
is issued under the sole responsibility of the manufacturer.		
ISP-250C, ISP-500C ISP-250C-abe ISP-500C-acde a = S or T, b = V, c = H or V		
d = T or blank , e = S9 , S12 , S34 or blank 1-phase, 50Hz, AC100/200/230V 60Hz, AC100/115/200/230V 3-phase, 50Hz, AC200/380/400/415V 60Hz, AC200/208/460V		
lescribed above is in conformity with the relevant Machinery Directive Restriction of the use of certain Hazardous Substances in Electrical and electronic equipment		
rmonised standards used or references to the specifications is declared : Compressors and Vacuum Pumps-Safety Requirements, Part 2: Vacuum Pumps Technical documentation for the assessment of electrical and electronic products with respect to the restriction of hazardous substances		
fied body :		
ucts GmbH - Tillystraße 2 - 90431 Nürnberg, Germany		
ion From File No. AM 50171211		
e above named manufacturer :		
Yokohama, Japan 1-Apr-2020 Hitoshi Iwata General Manager, Vacuum Equipment Department Hitoshi Jwata		

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### Important information

Be sure to read this instruction manual to understand how to operate equipment correctly. Only operators, who fully understand warnings, cautions and instructions, are to operate the equipment. Improper operation (mishandling) can cause serious bodily injury, death, fire or explosion.



Store this manual in a convenient place for immediate and future reference.

#### ♦Regarding safety

- The safety instructions given in this manual are the minimum operating requirements. Follow all national or municipal laws and regulations pertaining to fire, electricity, and other safety regulations, as well as corporate regulations.
- Pay special attention to items which are shown by the below marks and symbols.
- Symbols and marks have the following meanings.

Examples of marks

	WARNING	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in serious injury or loss of life.
$\triangle$	CAUTION	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury or property damage.

#### Examples of symbols

	Indicates [Beware]. We will explain briefly in or near the symbol. (The example on the left is [Beware of electric shock]).
	Indicates [Prohibited action]. We will explain briefly in or near the symbol. (The example on the left is [Do not touch]).
ļ	Indicates [Required action]. We will explain briefly in or near the symbol. (The example on the left is [Be sure to ground]).

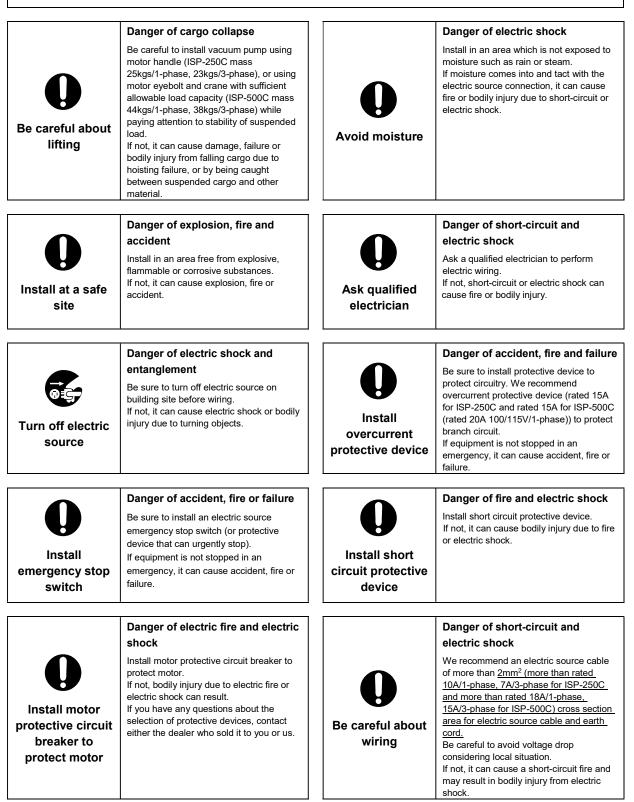
\* We shall not be responsible for any injury or damage caused by disregard of warnings, cautions or instructions.

#### Supplementary notes

Important	Indicates notes which we ask you to observe. They are helpful to achieve full performance and functionality of the equipment.
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Below is very important information about how to safely operate the equipment. Before operation, be sure to read and fully understand the contents.

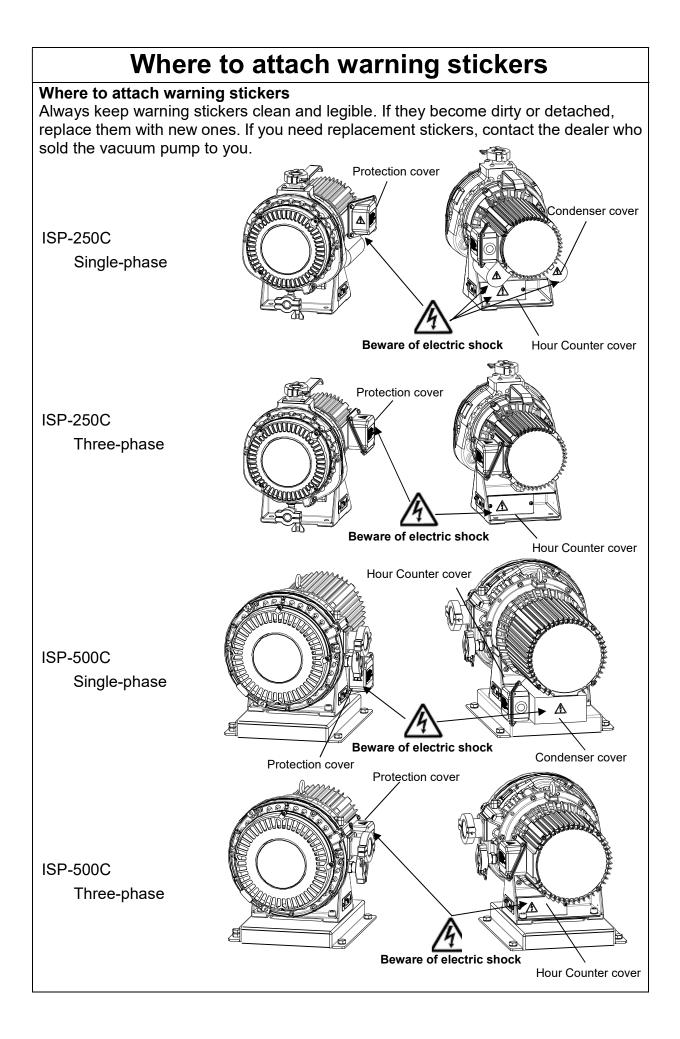




WARNING				
Use crimp-style terminal	Danger of short-circuit and electric shock Fit firmly proper round type crimp-style terminal to electric source cable using crimp tool and connect to motor terminal section. If not, it can cause short-circuit fire or bodily injury from electric shock due to looseness or disconnection.	Protect cable from being pulled	Danger of short-circuit and electric shock Be sure to fit cable-gland to hole of $\varphi$ 22mm at motor terminal box. If not, it can cause short-circuit fire or bodily injury from electric shock.	
Protect cable from being pulled	Danger of short-circuit and electric shock The power-supply conductor shall be free from strain including twisting by using cord anchorage, which is specified by the local electrical wiring regulation. If not, it can cause short-circuit fire or bodily injury from electric shock.	Be sure to ground	Danger of electric shock Connect earth cord to earth terminal in motor terminal box. If not, it can cause bodily injury from electric shock.	
With a thermal protector [Only single-phase motor]	Danger of restart Be sure to switch off electric source before maintenance or inspection. Single-phase motor has a thermal protector. Vacuum pump restarts become cool without warning after vacuum pump.	Never evacuate hazardous gas	Danger of explosion and ignition Do not evacuate gas which is hazardous to humans or explosive, flammable, or corrosive. Do not evacuate with substances containing chemicals, solvents, and powders. If done, it can cause failure or bodily injury by gas, explosion or ignition.	
Avoid foreign matter	Danger of entanglement and foreign matter dispersal Never put finger or foreign matter into air hole of fan cover, air hole of motor or clearance between FS(1) and FS(2) cooling fins. If done, it can cause bodily injury from entanglement with turning section, or foreign matter dispersal.	Never alter	Danger of electric shock and entanglement Do not remove or alter safeguards or insulation parts. If done, it can cause bodily injury from electric shock or turning section and it can cause deteriorated performance and operating lifetime, and invalidate guarantee.	
Change after vacuum pump is stopped	Danger of failure and bodily injury Change air-flush port only after vacuum pump is stopped. If you change it during vacuum pump operation, it can cause vacuum pump failure and bodily injury.	Conduct periodical maintenance and inspection	Danger of failure and bodily injury Conduct periodical maintenance and inspection. If not, it can cause insufficient performance, failure of vacuum pump, and bodily injury.	
Be careful about high temperature	Danger of burns Conduct maintenance and inspection only after vacuum pump becomes cool enough. Maintenance and inspection soon after vacuum pump stops can cause burn injury.	Turn off electric source	Danger of electric shock Be sure to conduct maintenance and inspection after you turn off electric source. If not, it can cause bodily injury from electric shock or turning object.	
Ask specialist to perform repairs	Danger of accident, failure and shorter operating lifetime Ask specialist to perform repairs. Defective repairs can cause accident, failure or shorter operating lifetime.	-		

		CAUTION	
Use at designated temperature	<b>Danger of overheating</b> Operate at ambient temperature of 5°C ~40°C. Operating at a temperature range other than that designated can cause accident, failure or bodily injury such as burns due to overheating.	Pay attention to ventilation	<b>Danger of overheating</b> Install in a well-ventilated area. Poor ventilation can disrupt cooling and cause accident, failure or bodily injury such as burns since this vacuum pump is an air-cooled type.
<b>Q</b> Avoid dust	<b>Danger of dust</b> Be sure site is free from dust. Sucking in of dust can cause failure.	Install on a solid, level floor	<b>Danger of unbalance</b> Be sure to install on solid and level floor (less than 5° inclination). Uneven installation can cause failure and movement of vacuum pump. If installation floor is unstable, fix pump base with 4-φ11 holes of pump leg (ISP-250C) or 4-M10 tap section pump base (ISP-500C).
Q Avoid direct sunlight	Danger of overheating Install where equipment is not exposed to direct sunlight. Vacuum pump exposed to direct sunlight can overheat, resulting in failure.	<b>O</b> Check voltage	Motor burnout Before doing any wiring, check electric source and voltage. Single-phase is a multi voltage type of AC100V/AC200V. Three-phase is a multi voltage type of AC200V/AC400V. <u>Voltage can be changed</u> at terminal block. This pump is wired to 200V when shipping from factory. Check your electric source, voltage, and cord correctly to terminal block. Improper wiring and incorrect voltage can cause motor burnout.
<b>D</b> Inspect cause of problem	Danger of problem recurrence and failure If protective device or thermal protector activates, be sure to turn off electric source and inspect causes to solve the problem. Do not operate until problem is solved. Operation while problem is left unsolved can cause problem recurrence and failure.	Remove blank flange	Danger of exhaust disruption Remove blank flange from inlet and outlet. Operation with blank flange being fitted can disrupt air flow or cause blank flange to fly by exhaust impetus, resulting in accident, failure, or bodily injury from contact with flying objects.
Prevent foreign matter from entering	Danger of foreign matter entering inlet When checking turning direction, be careful not to enter foreign matter into an inlet. Foreign matter entering inlet can cause failure.	Pay attention to exhaust resistance	<b>Danger of exhaust disruption</b> When connecting exhaust piping to vacuum pump and when combining piping with another vacuum pump, pay attention to piping size and length so that it does not cause exhaust resistance. Exhaust resistance can disrupt air flow, resulting in failure and over-current.
Start or stop after closing isolation valve	Danger of vacuum break and pollution Be sure to close isolation valve between vacuum pump and vacuum system (chamber) during start-up and stop. Start-up or stop with isolation valve in the open position can draw back gas and debris attached to inside of pump to vacuum chamber due to pressure differential, resulting in vacuum break and pollution on vacuum chamber side.	Open air inlet	Danger of abnormal sound and failure Open inlet to atmosphere for about 5 seconds before restarting vacuum pump. If not, it can unbalance temperature inside vacuum pump, resulting in failure.

	<u> </u>	AUTION	
Beware temperature of intake gas	Danger of exceeding permissible temperature of intake gas If intake gas temperature is over 50°C, be sure to install a chiller or trap between vacuum pump and vacuum chamber so that gas intake temperature of vacuum pump keeps below 50°C. If not, vacuum pump temperature can increase, resulting in failure.	Operate while opening air-flush port	Danger of remaining moisture When evacuating moisture, be sure to open air-flush port (air-flush operation). If you evacuate vapor while air-flush port is closed, condensed water will remain inside vacuum pump and cause failure.
Caution after exhausting vapor	Danger of insufficient vapor exhaust After evacuating vapor, do air-flush operation for at least one hour. If you close air-flush port or stop vacuum pump soon after evacuating vapor, condensed water will remain inside vacuum pump which will cause failure.	<b>D</b> Beware of intake gas volume	Danger of exceeding permissible intake gas volume When sending N <sub>2</sub> gas or dry air into air-flush port, pressure should be the same as atmospheric pressure and flow rate should be less than 10L/min. If not, it can increase pressure inside vacuum pump, resulting in failure.
Caution for frequent start/stop and short interval	Risk of motor malfunction Refrain from frequent start/stop operation. It induces malfunction of motor such as burn out. Please consult your dealer or factory representative for details. Appropriate operating mode with adequate interval and frequency of start/stop is varies owing to operating condition.	-	

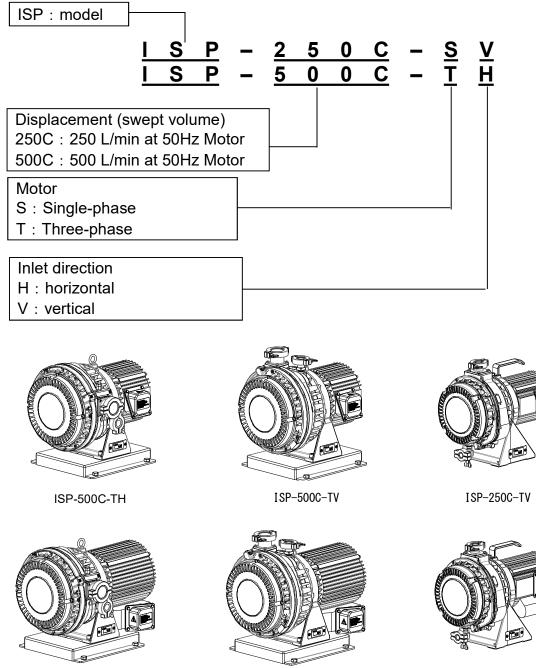


# Contents

Important information1
For safe operation2
Contents7
1. Before use8
1.1 Check the product8
2. Name and structure of each section10
3. Installation12
3.1 Wiring13
3.2 Test operation17
3.3 Connection to vacuum system (chamber)18
4. Operation19
4.1 Standard operation21
4.1.1 Start-up21
4.1.2 Shut-down21
4.2 Air-flush operation22
4.2.1 Preparation22
4.2.2 Start-up and shut-down23
4.2.3 When returning to standard operation23
5. Maintenance and inspection25
5.1 Daily maintenance and inspection25
5.2 Maintenance
6. Problems and remedies27
7. Disposal27
8. Specifications
8.1 Specifications28
8.1.1 ISP-250C
8.1.2 ISP-500C
8.2 Dimensions
8.2.1 ISP-250C
8.2.2 ISP-500C
8.3 Performance data31

# 1. Before use

- **1.1 Check the product**
- Check that the package is right-side-up before opening.
- Check that the model of the product is the same as the one you ordered. How to read model name





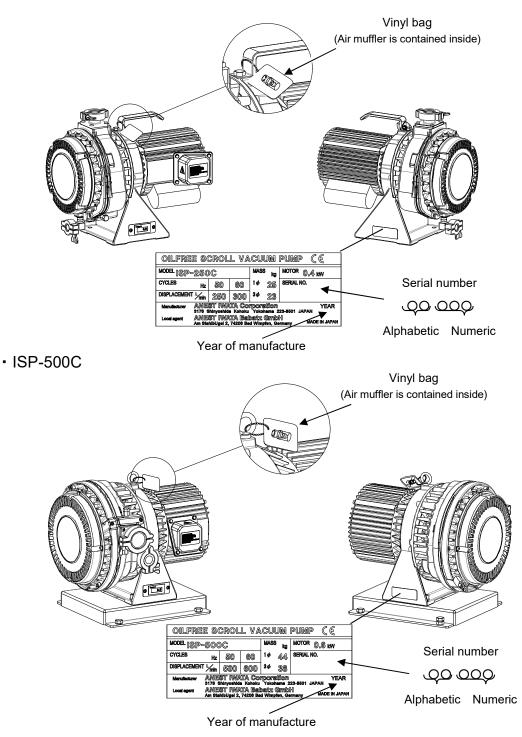
ISP-500C-SV

ISP-250C-SV

- Check that there is no damage.
- If there is any damage, contact either the dealer who sold it to you or us.
- Check the following accessories.
  - Instruction manual (this one)
  - Air-muffler for air-flush

(ISP-250C is attached to handle of motor. ISP-500C is attached to eyebolt of motor.)

• ISP-250C



\*Please prepare electric source cables, crimp-style terminal, electric source protective devices, piping to inlet, and piping from outlet on customer side.

## Open package

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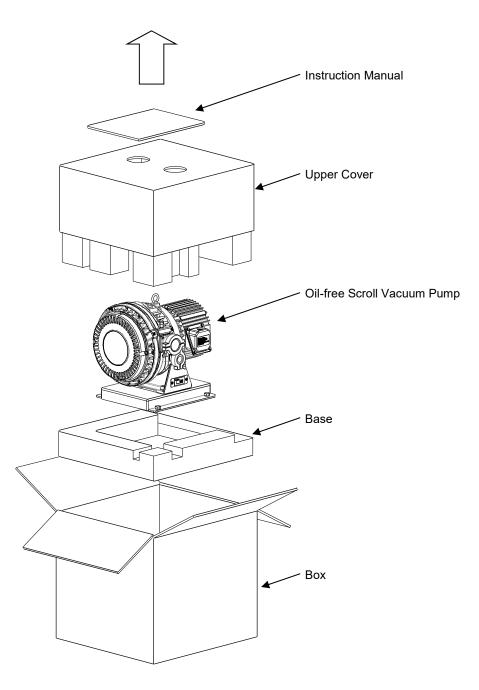
#### Danger of cargo collapse

Be careful to install vacuum pump using motor handle (ISP-250C mass 25kgs/1-phase, 23kgs/3-phase), or using motor eyebolt and crane with sufficient allowable load capacity (ISP-500C mass 44kgs/1-phase, 38kgs/3-phase) while paying attention to stability of suspended load.

If not, it can cause damage, failure or bodily injury from falling cargo due to hoisting failure, or by being caught between suspended cargo and other material.

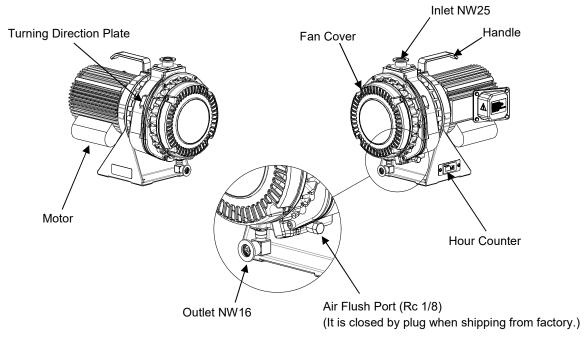


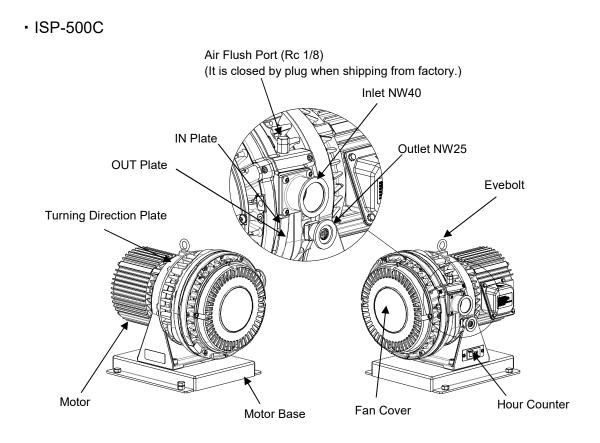
Be careful about lifting

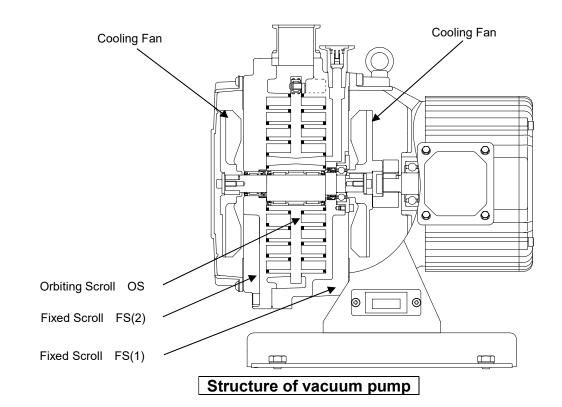


# 2. Name and structure of each section

#### • ISP-250C

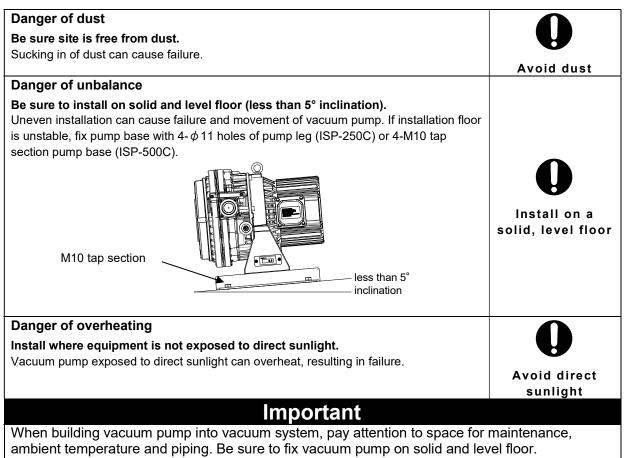






# 3. Installation

	$\bigwedge$		3	
Danger of electric	c shock			
If moisture comes int		moisture such as rain or s ric source connection, it can ock.		Avoid moisture
Install in an area fre	ion, fire or accident ee from explosive, flam xplosion, fire or accident	mable or corrosive substa	nces.	0
				Install at a safe site
Danger of overhe	ating			
Operate at ambient	-	0°C		
Operating at a tempe	t temperature of 5°C~4	that designated can cause a	ccident, failure	Use at designated
Operating at a tempe or bodily injury such	t <b>temperature of 5℃~4</b> erature range other than as burns due to overhea	that designated can cause a	ccident, failure	Use at designated temperature
Operating at a tempo or bodily injury such Danger of overhe	a temperature of 5℃~4 erature range other than as burns due to overhea eating	that designated can cause a ating.	ccident, failure	-
Operating at a tempo or bodily injury such Danger of overhe Install in a well-ven	t temperature of 5°C~4 erature range other than as burns due to overhea eating ntilated area (refer to be	that designated can cause a ating.		-
Operating at a tempe or bodily injury such Danger of overhe Install in a well-ven Poor ventilation can	t temperature of 5°C~4 erature range other than as burns due to overhea eating ntilated area (refer to be	that designated can cause a ating. elow chart). se accident, failure or bodily i		-
Operating at a tempe or bodily injury such Danger of overhe Install in a well-ven Poor ventilation can	temperature of 5°C~4 erature range other than as burns due to overhea eating ntilated area (refer to be disrupt cooling and caus	that designated can cause a ating. elow chart). se accident, failure or bodily i ed type.		-
Operating at a tempe or bodily injury such Danger of overhe Install in a well-ven Poor ventilation can	t temperature of 5°C~4 erature range other than as burns due to overhea eating ntilated area (refer to be disrupt cooling and caus uum pump is an air-coole	that designated can cause a ating. elow chart). se accident, failure or bodily i ed type.		temperature



If you have any questions, contact the dealer who sold it to you or us.

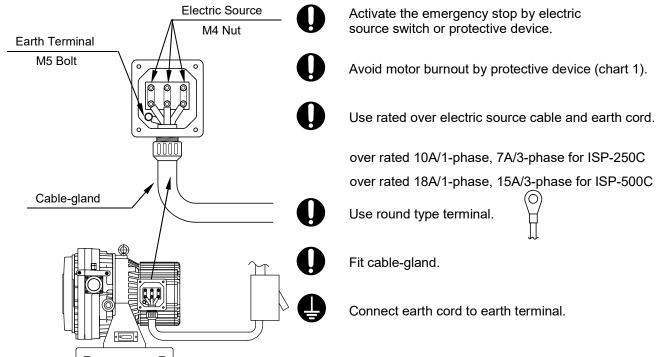
### 3.1 Wiring

Danger of short-circuit and electric shock	
Ask a qualified electrician to perform electric wiring. If not, short-circuit or electric shock can cause fire or bodily injury.	<b>V</b>
	Ask qualified electrician
Danger of electric shock and entanglement	
Be sure to turn off electric source on building site before wiring. If not, it can cause electric shock or bodily injury due to turning objects.	@=\$;-
	Turn off electric
	source
Danger of accident, fire and failure	
Be sure to install protective device to protect circuitry. We recommend overcurrent protective device (rated 15A for ISP-250C and rated 15A for ISP-500C (rated 20A	U
<b>100/115V/1-phase)) to protect branch circuit.</b> If equipment is not stopped in an emergency, it can cause accident, fire or failure.	Install overcurrent
	protective device
Danger of accident, fire or failure	
Be sure to install an electric source emergency stop switch (or protective device	V
that can urgently stop).	Install emergency
If equipment is not stopped in an emergency, it can cause accident, fire or failure.	stop switch
Danger of fire and electric shock	
Install short circuit protective device.	V
If not, it can cause bodily injury due to fire or electric shock.	Install short circuit
	protective device

Danger of electric fire and electric shock (refer to chart 1 on page 15)	
Install motor protective circuit breaker to protect motor.	U
If not, bodily injury due to electric fire or electric shock can result. If you have any questions about the selection of protective devices, contact either the dealer who sold it to you or us.	Install motor protective circuit breaker to protect motor
Danger of short-circuit and electric shock	
We recommend an electric source cable of more than <u>2mm<sup>2</sup> (more than rated</u> <u>10A/1-phase, 7A/3-phase for ISP-250C and more than rated 18A/1-phase,</u> <u>15A/3-phase for ISP-500C) cross section area for electric source cable and earth</u> cord.	Be careful about
Be careful to avoid voltage drop considering local situation. If not, it can cause a short-circuit fire and may result in bodily injury from electric shock.	wiring
Danger of short-circuit and electric shock	
Fit firmly proper round type crimp-style terminal to electric source cable using crimp tool and connect to motor terminal section.	U
If not, it can cause short-circuit fire or bodily injury from electric shock due to looseness or disconnection.	Use crimp-style terminal
Danger of short-circuit and electric shock	
Be sure to fit cable-gland to hole of $\phi$ 22mm at motor terminal box. If not, it can cause short-circuit fire or bodily injury from electric shock.	U
	Protect cable from being pulled
Danger of short-circuit and electric shock	
The power-supply conductor shall be free from strain including twisting by using cord anchorage, which is specified by the local electrical wiring regulation. If not, it can cause short-circuit fire or bodily injury from electric shock.	Protect cable from being pulled
Danger of electric shock	
<b>Connect earth cord to earth terminal in motor terminal box.</b> If not, it can cause bodily injury from electric shock.	A
	Be sure to ground
Danger of restart Be sure to switch off electric source before maintenance or inspection. Single-phase motor has a thermal protector.	0
Vacuum pump restarts become cool without warning after vacuum pump.	With a thermal protector [Only single-phase motor]
CSA Requirement	
Single-phase motor Thermally protected automatic reset. TYPE TP212. Motor restart without warning after pr	otector trip.
Three-phase motor Motor not protected. External overheat protection in accordance with Canadian Electric C	Code Part I [C22.1],
must be provided. Min. circuit ampacity of conductor is ISP-250C—1-phase 10A /3-phase 7A, ISP-500C—1-phase 18A /3-phase 15A	
Max. branch circuit breaker is ISP-250C—15A, ISP-500C—15A (1-phase 100/115V is 20A)	
When you used this pump in Europe.	
This vacuum pump must be equipped with a main disconnect device in accordance with re EN60204-1, clause 5.3.2. It is recommended to use a circuit breaker as main breaker whi isolation according to EN60947-2 and is equipped with an operating handle which is lockat complies with the other requirements of EN60204-1, clause 5.3.	ich is suitable for

Motor burnout	
Before doing any wiring, check electric source and voltage. Single-phase is a multi voltage type of AC100V/AC200V. Three-phase is a multi voltage type of AC200V/AC400V. <u>Voltage can be changed at terminal block.</u> <u>This pump is wired to 200V when shipping from factory.</u> Check your electric source, voltage, and cord correctly to terminal block. Improper wiring and incorrect voltage can cause motor burnout.	Check voltage
Danger of problem recurrence and failure If protective device or thermal protector activates, be sure to turn off electric source and inspect causes to solve the problem. Do not operate until problem is solved. Operation while problem is left unsolved can cause problem recurrence and failure.	Inspect cause of problem

#### This shows three-phase 200V connection for ISP-500C.



#### Chart-1

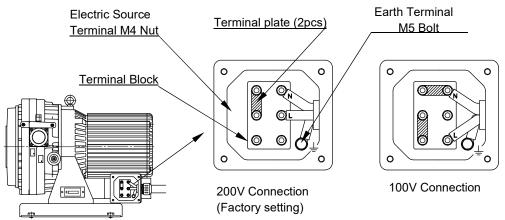
Si	ngle-phase	specificatio	ons	Three-phase specifications					
Voltage V	Frequency Hz	Recommended protective device (or breaker) capacity A		Voltage V	Frequency Hz	Recommended protective device (or breaker) capacity A			
		ISP-250C	ISP-500C			ISP-250C	ISP-500C		
100	50	6.0	10.7	200 50		1.8	3.1		
100	60	6.0	12.5	200	60	2.2	3.2		
115	60	5.4	10.8	208	60	2.2	3.0		
200	50	3.0	5.4	230	60	2.2	2.9		
200	60	3.2	6.0	380	50	1.1	1.8		
230	50	2.7	4.9	400	50	1.1	1.8		
230	60	2.7	5.0	415	50	1.2	1.9		
				460	60	1.2	1.7		

### How to wire

- Remove 4pcs. of M5 bolt at motor terminal box and remove protection cover.
   ※Be sure to keep M5 bolts and washer, which were removed from the protection cover.
- ② Wiring diagram is shown inside protection cover.

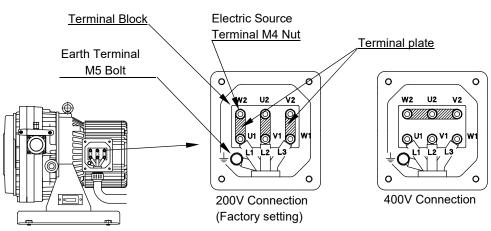
#### Single-phase specifications

You can change to a 100V or 200V connection by changing terminal plate (2pcs.). **<u>XIt is wired to 200V when shipping from factory.</u>** 



Three-phase specifications

You can change to a 200V or 400V connection by changing terminal plate (3pcs.). **<u>XIt is wired to 200V when shipping from factory.</u>** 



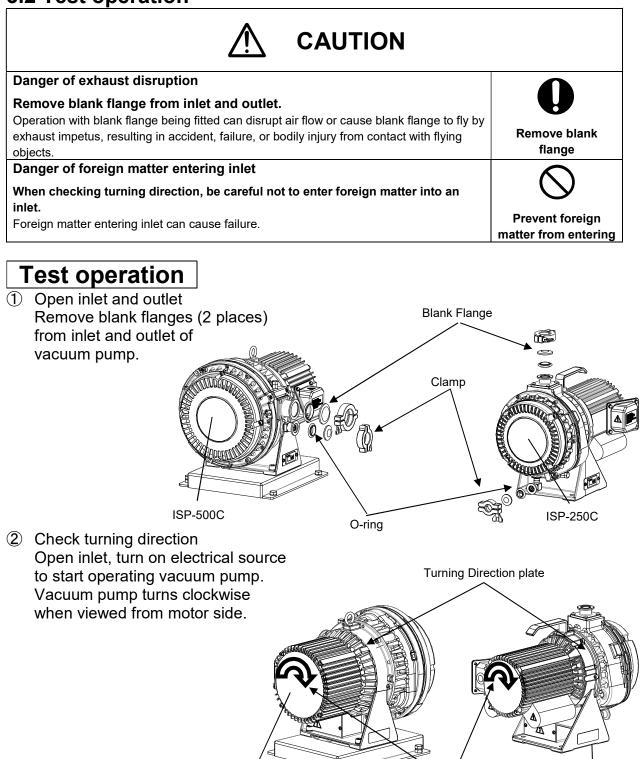
- ③ If you want to change to a 100V or 400V connection, remove M4 nut of electric source terminal and change terminal plate as illustrated below.
- (4) Connect electric source cable to terminal by using cable-gland at  $\phi$  22mm hole of motor terminal box.
- (5) Insert electric source cable through cable-gland on the bottom side of terminal box.
- Connect each phase to each electric source terminal respectively in accordance with the above wiring diagram.

Terminal screw nuts should be torqued between 1.2 N · m and 1.5N · m.

Single-phase specifications	: L-N to V1-W1 (200V connection)
	: L-N to U1-W1 (100V connection)
Three-phase specifications	: L1-L2-L3 to U1-V1-W1

⑦ The protective earth cord shall be suffice in length and put up to keep the cord the last to take the strain if the cable slips in its anchorage.

### 3.2 Test operation



ISP-500C

Check that comes out of air outlet. If air does not come out from outlet, vacuum pump of three-phase motor may turn in reverse.

Turning

ISP-250C

In that case, stop vacuum pump, turn off main electrical source and change 2 out of 3 cords of electric source connection and change turning direction to correct one.

If you fit pump to vacuum system and control operation of vacuum pump by remote control, **first check pump itself for turning direction** and then fit it to vacuum system.

#### Important

Vacuum pump turns clockwise when viewed from motor side.

Check that air comes out from outlet.

If pump turns counter-clockwise, stop vacuum pump, turn off electrical source and change 2 out of 3 cords of electrical source connection.

### 3.3 Connection to vacuum system (chamber)

- Inlet of ISP-250C is NW25 and outlet is NW16.
- Inlet of ISP-500C is NW40 and outlet is NW25.



Danger of exhaust disruption

When connecting exhaust piping to vacuum pump and when combining piping with another vacuum pump, pay attention to piping size and length so that it does not cause exhaust resistance.

Exhaust resistance can disrupt air flow, resulting in failure and over-current.



### Pay attention to exhaust resistance

#### Important



Isolation valve is necessary to prevent the drawback of debris attached to the inside of vacuum pump into the vacuum chamber during start-up and shut-down. (We recommend the use of leak valve also). We recommend the use of an **automatic valve** as the isolation valve which closes during power failure in order to prevent the drawback of debris inside pump into the vacuum chamber during power failure.

#### Use the clean connecting pipe between vacuum chamber and vacuum pump.

We recommend the use of a flexible tube between inlet of vacuum pump and vacuum chamber so that vibration of pump does not transmit to vacuum chamber.

#### When connecting exhaust piping to outlet of vacuum pump, refer to the following size and length.

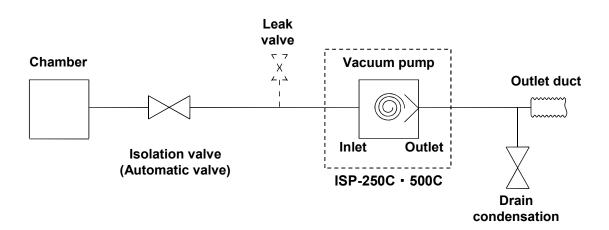
• It is recommended in the case of ISP-250C, max. **5m** direct pipe length for exhaust pipe size **NW16 (inner dia.16)** 

• It is recommended in the case of ISP-500C, max. **15m** direct pipe length for exhaust pipe size **NW25 (inner dia.25)** But if pipe length becomes longer, use a larger size exhaust pipe.

#### Make sure that exhaust piping is not clogged during pump operation.

Make sure that pressure at outlet does not exceed atmospheric pressure at any conditions.

In order to keep condensation away from feeding into the exhaust port, take proper measure. It causes exhaust disturbance. Drain condensations periodically by using valve separately arranged.

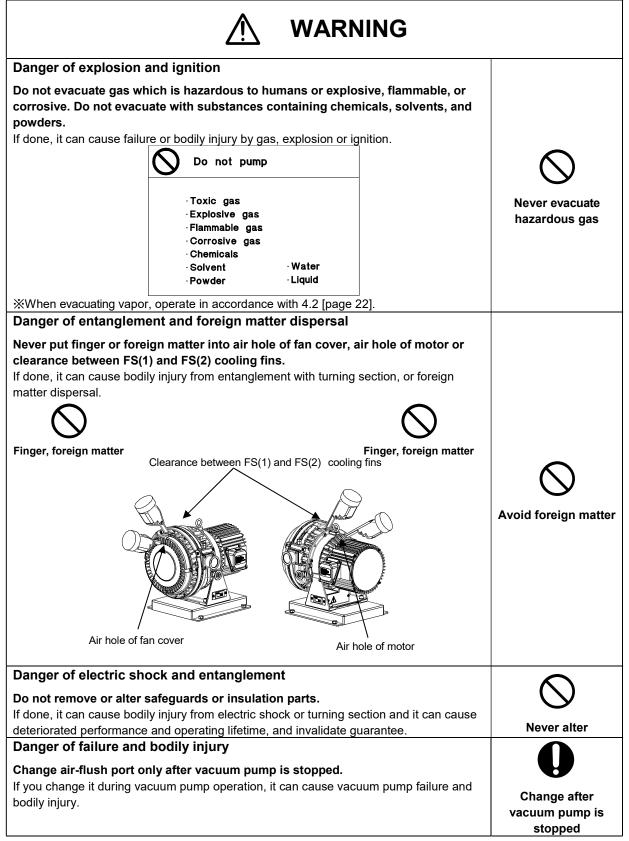


# 4. Operation

Be sure to use the procedure below to start up or shut down the pump.

- · When you do not use air-flush device,
- proceed 4.1 Standard operation [page 21].
- · When you use air-flush device,

proceed 4.2 Air-flush operation [page 22].



# 

Danger of exhaust disruption	
Remove blank flange from inlet and outlet.	
Operation with blank flange being fitted can disrupt exhaust or cause blank flange to fly by	
exhaust impetus, resulting in accident, failure, or bodily injury from contact with flying	Remove blank
objects.	flange
Danger of vacuum break and pollution	
Be sure to close isolation valve between vacuum pump and vacuum system	
(chamber) during start-up and stop.	Start or stop after
Start-up or stop with isolation valve in the open position can draw back gas and debris attached to inside of pump to vacuum chamber due to pressure differential, resulting in	closing isolation
vacuum break and pollution on vacuum chamber side.	valve
Danger of abnormal sound and failure	
Open inlet to atmosphere for about 5 seconds before restarting vacuum pump.	
If not, it can unbalance temperature inside vacuum pump, resulting in failure.	
	Open air inlet
Danger of exceeding permissible temperature of intake gas	
lf intake gas temperature is over 50℃, be sure to install a chiller or trap	
between vacuum pump and vacuum chamber so that gas intake temperature of	Beware
vacuum pump keeps below 50°C.	temperature of
If not, vacuum pump temperature can increase, resulting in failure.	intake gas
Danger of remaining moisture	
When evacuating moisture, be sure to open air-flush port (air-flush operation).	
If you evacuate vapor while air-flush port is closed, condensed water will remain inside	Operate while openin
vacuum pump and cause failure.	air-flush port
Danger of insufficient vapor exhaust	
After evacuating vapor, do air-flush operation for at least one hour.	
f you close air-flush port or stop vacuum pump soon after evacuating vapor, condensed	
water will remain inside vacuum pump which will cause failure.	Caution after
Denner of overeding norminaible intelse and values	exhausting vapor
Danger of exceeding permissible intake gas volume	
When sending $N_2$ gas or dry air into air-flush port, pressure should be the same	
as atmospheric pressure and flow rate should be less than 10L/min. If not, it can increase pressure inside vacuum pump, resulting in failure.	Beware of intake
	gas volume
Risk of motor malfunction	
Refrain from frequent start/stop operation.	
It induces malfunction of motor such as burn out.	
Please consult your dealer or factory representative for details.	Caution for frequer start/stop and shor
Appropriate operating mode with adequate interval and frequency of start/stop is varies owing to operating condition.	interval
	interval
Important	
If it takes time to reach ultimate pressure of pump during initial operation (a	llso operation
after pump has not been used for a long time),	-transmission O C ''

Close inlet, and continue operation for  $6 \sim 8$  hours while opening inlet for  $3 \sim 5$  seconds to atmosphere  $2 \sim 3$  times per hour. During pump stoppage, moisture might have entered inside of pump and deteriorated performance to reach ultimate pressure.

If pump has evacuated liquid such as water or high humid air (over 60%RH),

Moisture can deposit inside pump and cause pump failure. In that case, close isolation valve, and open inlet to atmosphere for  $3\sim5$  seconds several times and exhaust moisture inside pump to outside.

# If pump has continued operation around ultimate pressure or continuously evacuated high humid gas

Moisture can be condensed and remains inside pump, causing insufficient ultimate pressure and failure. In that case, do air-flush operation in accordance with 4.2 [page 22].

### 4.1 Standard operation

#### 4.1.1 Start-up

- ① Check that blank flange of outlet is removed.
- Close isolation valve in order to prevent the drawback of debris attached to the inside of vacuum pump into vacuum chamber due to pressure differential, resulting in vacuum break and pollution.
   (Open leak valve if you use leak valve).
- ③ Turn on vacuum pump. Please install an external power switch or protective device (breaker) before letting vacuum pump operate.
- (4) Check start-up of vacuum pump and open isolation valve (close leak valve soon after start-up if you use leak valve) and evacuate vacuum chamber.

#### Important

When continuously operating pump at around ultimate pressure (for example, using as fore line pump of turbo molecular pump) ,

It can cause foreign matter or moisture to deposit inside pump, resulting in failure.

In that case, do air-flush operation or close isolation valve and open inlet to atmosphere for  $3 \sim 5$  seconds,  $3 \sim 5$  times daily.

Be careful not to damage air-flush port (especially air-muffler section).

If not, it can cause failure.

When doing air-flush operation,

Noise level will increase (by 7~8dB).

Install pump in an area which is not exposed to debris such as iron powder, stone powder, polish powder or wood dust.

Debris can clog air-muffler, undercutting air-flush effect.

#### 4.1.2 Shut-down

- Be sure to close isolation valve in order to prevent the drawback of debris attached to inside of vacuum pump into vacuum chamber during operation due to pressure differential (open leak valve if you use leak valve).
- ② Turn off vacuum pump. Please install an external power switch or protective device (breaker) before letting vacuum pump operate.
- ③ Check shut-down of vacuum pump.

#### Important

Be sure to close isolation valve between vacuum pump and vacuum chamber during pump shut-down.

If vacuum pump stops during air-flush operation, atmospheric air is drawn back from air-flush port to inside of vacuum pump, and vacuum on chamber side cannot be maintained. Be sure to close isolation valve between vacuum pump and vacuum chamber to prevent the drawback of debris from vacuum pump into vacuum chamber before stopping vacuum pump.

When returning air-flush operation to standard operation, operate as per 4.2.3[page 23].

### 4.2 Air-flush operation

This pump is equipped with air-flush port. Before evacuating vapor, read precautions below completely and be sure to understand the contents.

#### Purpose of air-flush

Processing humid air by vacuum pump may cause condensed water to remain in pump. This remaining condensation will cause a failure of ultimate pressure of pump. Air-flush operation will contribute to remove the remaining condensation inside. Air-flush operation does not only removing condensation but also restores ultimate pressure.

%Continuous operation with the air flush function does not affect performance of the vacuum pump. %Vapor disposal volume is max. 25g/day, when doing air-flush operation(ambient temperature25°C, humidity 60%RH).

### Important

Maintenance interval of this pump is based on clean gas applications The standard differs when evacuating vapor.

You must shorten maintenance interval (5.2[page 26]) when evacuating vapor since vapor temperature, disposal volume, disposal frequency and substances in vapor have an influence on pump operation. When evacuating vapor, pay attention to all WARNING, CAUTION and Important notes (4 [page 19~20]).

#### 4.2.1 Preparation

Before starting air-flush operation, first stop vacuum pump and proceed in accordance with the following procedure. Never try to do air-flush operation during operation.

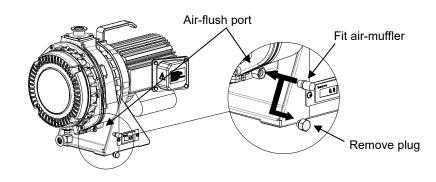
### Fit air-muffler

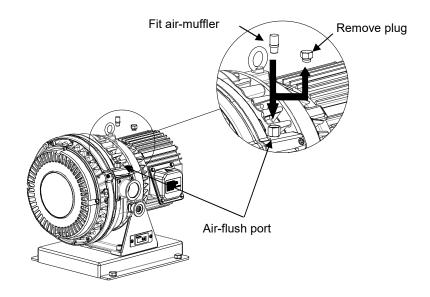
① Stop vacuum pump.

- 2 Remove plug from air-flush port with a spanner (nominal dia. 13mm).
- ③ Lightly fit the attached air-muffler to air-flush port.

\*Store the removed plug and do not misplace it.

ISP-250C





#### 4.2.2 Start-up and shut-down

- ① Start vacuum pump according to 4.1.1 Operation [page 21].
- ② Stop vacuum pump according to 4.1.2 Shut-down [page 21].

### Important

#### Continuous evacuating of humid gas

When evacuating vacuum chamber while humidity in chamber is high, moisture volume drawn into pump differs according to temperature and pressure in chamber.

When pumping vacuum chamber containing humid gas, be sure to open air-flush port and operate pump (air-flush operation).

#### Be careful not to damage air-flush port (especially air-muffler section) .

Damage to air-flush port can cause failure.

When doing air-flush operation

Noise level will increase (by 7~8dB).

Install pump in an area which is not exposed to debris such as iron powder, stone powder, polish powder or wood dust.

Debris can clog air-muffler, undercutting air-flush effect.

Be sure to close isolation valve between vacuum pump and vacuum chamber during pump shut-down.

If vacuum pump stops during air-flush operation, atmospheric air is drawn back from air-flush port to inside of vacuum pump, and vacuum on chamber side cannot be maintained. Be sure to close isolation valve between vacuum pump and vacuum chamber to prevent the drawback of debris from vacuum pump into vacuum chamber before stopping vacuum pump.

When operating with air-flush OFF (closed), operate as per 4.2.3[page 23].

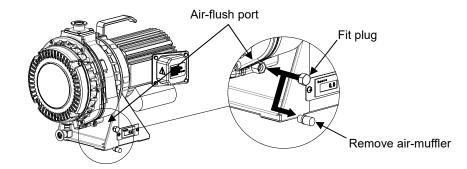
#### 4.2.3 When returning to standard operation

Before starting air-flush operation, first stop vacuum pump and proceed in accordance with the following procedure. Never perform this procedure during operation.

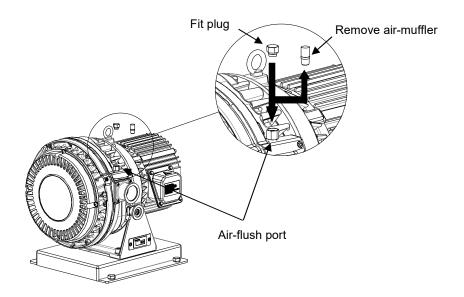
### **Remove air-muffler**

- 1 Stop vacuum pump.
- 2 Remove air-muffler from air-flush port.
- ③ Lightly fit plug to air-flush port with a spanner (nominal dia. 13mm).
- When restarting air-flush operation, refer to 4.2.1~4.2.2[page 22~23] and prepare and start.

Store removed air-muffler and pay attention not to misplace it.



ISP-500C



# **5. Maintenance and inspection**

M WARNING	
Danger of failure and bodily injury	
<b>Conduct periodical maintenance and inspection.</b> If not, it can cause insufficient performance, failure of vacuum pump, and bodily injury.	V
	Conduct periodical
	maintenance and inspection
Danger of burns	
Conduct maintenance and inspection only after vacuum pump becomes cool enough.	
Maintenance and inspection soon after vacuum pump stops can cause burn injury.	Be careful about
	high temperature
Danger of restart Be sure to switch off electric source before maintenance or inspection. Single-phase motor has a thermal protector.	0
Vacuum pump restarts become cool without warning after vacuum pump.	With a thermal
	protector
	[Only single-phase motor]
Danger of electric shock	
Be sure to conduct maintenance and inspection after you turn off electric source. If not, it can cause bodily injury from electric shock or turning object.	<b>R</b>
	Turn off electric
	source
Danger of accident, failure and shorter operating lifetimeAsk specialist to perform repairs.Defective repairs can cause accident, failure or shorter operating lifetime.	0
	Ask specialist to
	perform repairs

# **5.1 Daily maintenance and inspection** Conduct the following daily maintenance and inspection.

Items	Contents	Measures
	Abnormal sound	Ask specialist to repair.
	Abnormal vibration	Ask specialist to repair.
Vacuum pump itself	Abnormal temperature	Ask specialist to repair.
	Cooling fins are dirty or clogged	Blow air, cleaning
Cooling fan	Abnormal rotation	Ask specialist to repair.
Fan cover	Dirty, clogged, damaged	Blowing air, clean, Ask specialist to repair.
Air-muffler	Dirty, clogged	Replace
Exhaust valve	Dirty, clogged	Blowing air, clean
Electric source cable	Deteriorated	Replace

### 5.2 Maintenance

When maintenance interval has elapsed, be sure to contact our dealer who sold it to you. This vacuum pump requires maintenance conducted only by our authorized specialist. Never try to disassemble, reassemble or alter on user's side. We are not responsible for any accidents caused by disassembly, reassembly or alteration which was done by the user or non-specialist.

	Maintenan	Every 400 times		
Where to inspect	Yearly or every 8,000 hours	Biennially or every 16,000 hours	vapor pumping	
Bearing kit	grease $\angle \Delta$	0	Δ	
Tip seal set	Δ	0	Δ	
Seal set	0	0	Δ	
O-ring set	0	0	Δ	
Exhaust valve set	0	0	Δ	
Air-flush kit	0	0	0	
Pin crank kit	Δ	Δ	Δ	
Vacuum pump itself	Inside cleaning/ $\Delta$	Inside cleaning / $\Delta$	Inside cleaning / $\Delta$	

The following parts are consumable and need to be replaced periodically. Whenever something goes wrong with them, replace them immediately.

O · · · Replace

 $\Delta \cdot \cdot \cdot \text{Replace if something goes wrong.}$ 

Note 1 : Maintenance interval should be shorter than either the period or operating hours.

Note 2: When you want further maintenance and inspection after either the 6<sup>th</sup> year or 48,000 operating hours, please contact our dealer who sold it to you.

#### Important

Causes of failure

Shorten maintenance interval if conditions of installation or operation are unfavorable.

In particular, ambient temperature has a great influence on failure. Maintenance interval is based on an ambient temperature  $5 \sim 40^{\circ}$ C and a yearly average ambient temperature  $25^{\circ}$ C.

Shorten the maintenance interval if temperature exceeds the foregoing. If not, it can cause failure.

Maintenance interval is not a guarantee period.

#### Exceeding maintenance interval

Operation exceeding maintenance interval increases risk of failure and accidents.

When maintenance interval has elapsed, be sure to contact either the dealer who sold it to you or us.

# 6. Problems and remedies

If something goes wrong, refer to the following chart and remedy problems. If you cannot solve your problems, please contact either our dealer who sold it to you or us.

Problems	Causes	Remedies					
	Protective device (or breaker)	Check protective device (or breaker)					
Notor does not rotate. Notor stops soon.	activates.	capacity.					
		il→ linspect and repair.					
	Electric source cable is loose	Check connection.					
	or cut.	Repair or replace.					
Motor does not rotate	Voltage drops.	Check size and length of cable.					
	Motor malfunctions.	※ Inspect and repair.					
	Pump malfunctions.	it ≫Inspect and repair.					
	Foreign matter enters.						
Motor does not rotate.	Motor protection gear	Air outlet is clogged.					
	activates.	Reset thermal protector.					
		XInspect and repair.					
	Protective device (or breaker)	Check protective device (or breaker)					
	activates.	capacity.					
		XInspect and repair.					
	Voltage drops. Motor malfunctions.	Check size and length of cable.					
		XInspect and repair.					
	Pump malfunctions. Foreign matter enters.	il→ li>					
Motor stops soon	U	Check exhaust piping diameter and					
	Improper exhaust piping.	Check exhaust piping diameter and length.					
		Air outlet is clogged.					
		Remove blank flange from exhaust					
		outlet.					
	Motor protection gear	Air outlet is clogged.					
	activates.	Reset thermal protector.					
		XInspect and repair.					
	Air leaks from piping.	Check tightness of piping.					
	O-ring is damaged.	Replace.					
	Moisture and solvent are	Open inlet to atmosphere and operate					
	drawn.	for a few minutes and then close inlet					
Ultimate pressure is		and operate for about 24 hours.					
insufficient.		Do air-flush operation.					
		Install trap and filter.					
	Number of motor revolutions	Check wiring and voltage.					
	drops.	XInspect and repair.					
	Pump malfunctions.	XInspect and repair.					
	Connection becomes loose.	Tighten connection.					
		XInspect and repair.					
	The installation is not level.	Correct vacuum pump inclination within					
Abnormal sound,		5°.					
abnormal vibration		XInspect and repair.					
	Foreign matter enters pump.	XInspect and repair.					
	Motor malfunctions.	ill ≫Inspect and repair.					
	Pump malfunctions.	※Inspect and repair.					

X Contact our dealer who sold it to you.

# 7. Disposal

When a vacuum pump is disposed, please comply with local law and/or regulations such as the Waste Disposal Law.

# 8. Specifications 8.1 Specifications

#### 8.1.1 ISP-250C

Мос	lel	ISP-250C-SV ISP-250C-TV											
Displacement 50Hz		250											
L/min 60Hz			300										
Ultir	nate pressure Pa	a	≦1.6										
Lea	k tightness Pa ∙	m³/s					É	≦1.0x1(	) <sup>-5</sup>				
Max	. inlet pressure					ļ	Atmosp	heric p	ressur	e			
Amb	ient operating tem	perature °C						5~40					
Туре			Single-phase induction motor Totally-enclosed, 4-pole, Insulation Class B, Capacitor start, run, Thermal Protector TP212, Automatic reset type				Three-phase induction motor, Totally-Enclosed, 4-pole, Insulation Class B						ass B
<u>ب</u>	Output kW			0.4									
Motor	Voltage V		100	115	200	230	200	208	230	380	400	415	460
~	Rated current	50Hz	4.8	_	2.6	2.4	1.6	—	—	0.9	0.9	1.0	—
	A	60Hz	4.8	4.3	2.8	2.4	1.9	1.9	1.8	—	—	—	1.0
	Revolution	50Hz	1440	_	1430	1450	1420	—	—	1440	1440	1440	—
	min⁻¹{rpm}	60Hz	1710	1740	1700	1730	1660	1660	1690		—		1720
	se level 1m dB(A h air-flush ON)	)	≦58 (≦66)										
Inlet	connection		NW25										
Out	et connection		NW16										
Dire	Direction of inlet			Vertical									
Dimensions mm L×W×H			392×246×334 362×246×334										
Mass kg			25 23										
Coo	ling system		Air-cooled										
Oth	ers		With hour counter and air-flush										

Note 1 : Pumping speed and ultimate pressure should remain the same whether air-flush system is used or not.

Note 2 : Maximum voltage allowance is + or - 10% from motor rating.

Note 3 : Noise level is measured at ultimate pressure in an anechoic room.

Note 4 : Leak tightness is measured while the product is stopped and air flush is shut off (closed).

Note 5 : Vapor handling volume is no more than 25g/day (at 25°C 60%RH) with air-flush operation. Air-flush flow rate is 10L/min.

Note 6 : This product is wired for 200V at the factory.

Note 7 : This Three-phase motor is not equipped with motor protection.

Install branch circuit protection device for safety. Consult to qualified electrician for details.

Note 8 : This product is designed for indoor use. Install the product away from moistures or excessive humidity.

Note 9 : All data shown in this literature were measured based on our test standard and specific conditions.

Actual measurements are subject to change of conditions of use.

Note10 : ANEST IWATA reserves the right to change descriptions or specifications in this literature without prior notice.

#### 8.1.2 ISP-500C

Model			ISP-50	0C-SH	1			ISF	P-500C	-TH			
MOC				[ISP-500C-SV] [ISP-500C-TV]									
Displacement 50Hz		500											
L/m	in	60Hz						600					
Ultir	nate pressure Pa	a						≦1					
Lea	k tightness Pa ∙	m³/s					Ś	≦1.0x1	0 <sup>-5</sup>				
Max	. inlet pressure					/	Atmosp	oheric p	oressur	е			
Amb	ient operating tem	perature °C						5~40					
	Туре	Single-phase induction motor Totally-enclosed, 4-pole, Insulation Class B, Capacitor start, run, Thermal Protector TP212, Automatic reset type				Three-phase induction motor, Totally-Enclosed, 4-pole, Insulation Class B						ass B	
	Output kW		0.6										
Motor	Voltage V		100	115	200	230	200	208	230	380	400	415	460
~	Rated current	50Hz	8.5	—	4.3	3.9	2.7	—	—	1.57	1.57	1.63	—
	А	60Hz	10.0	8.6	4.8	4.0	2.8	2.6	2.5	_	—	—	1.47
	Revolution	50Hz	1430	—	1430	1450	1460	—	—	1470	1470	1470	—
	min <sup>-1</sup> {rpm}	60Hz	1660	1720	1690	1730	1740	1740	1760	—	—	—	1770
	se level 1m dB(A h air-flush ON)	)	$ \begin{array}{c c} \leq 62 \\ (\leq 70) \\ \end{array} \qquad \qquad$										
Inle	t connection		NW40										
Out	let connection		NW25										
Direction of inlet			Horizontal [Vertical]										
Dimensions mm				444×3	28×370	)	374×328×370						
L×W×H			[	444×2	90×396	6]			[374	1×292×	396]		
Mass kg			44 38										
Cooling system				Air-cooled									
Oth	ers		With hour counter and air-flush										

Note 1 : Pumping speed and ultimate pressure should remain the same whether air-flush system is used or not.

Note 2 : Maximum voltage allowance is + or - 10% from motor rating.

Note 3 : Noise level is measured at ultimate pressure in an anechoic room.

Note 4 : Leak tightness is measured while the product is stopped and air flush is shut off (closed).

Note 5 : Vapor handling volume is no more than 25g/day (at 25°C 60%RH) with air-flush operation. Air-flush flow rate is 10L/min.

Note 6 : This product is wired for 200V at the factory.

Note 7 : This Three-phase motor is not equipped with motor protection.

Install branch circuit protection device for safety. Consult to qualified electrician for details.

Note 8 : This product is designed for indoor use. Install the product away from moistures or excessive humidity.

Note 9 : All data shown in this literature were measured based on our test standard and specific conditions.

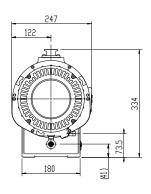
Actual measurements are subject to change of conditions of use.

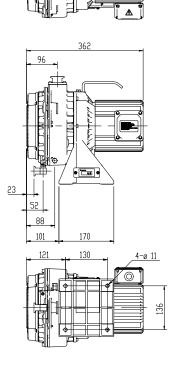
Note10 : ANEST IWATA reserves the right to change descriptions or specifications in this literature without prior notice.

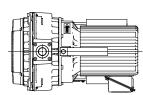
### 8.2 Dimensions 8.2.1 ISP-250C

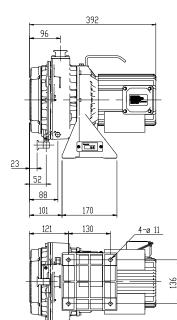


Single-phase



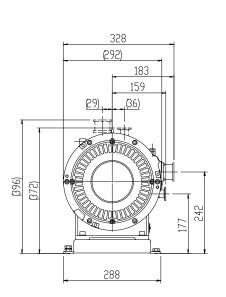






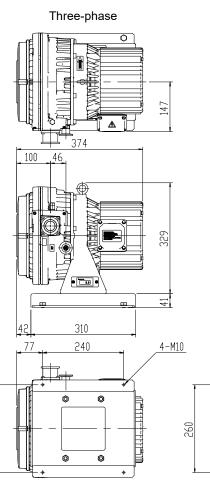
Single-phase

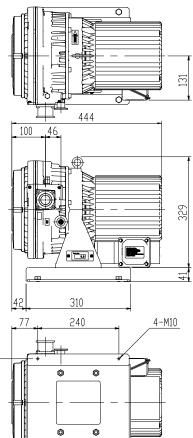
#### 8.2.2 ISP-500C



☆Figures in parentheses are dimensions in case that Inlet and outlet are placed vertically

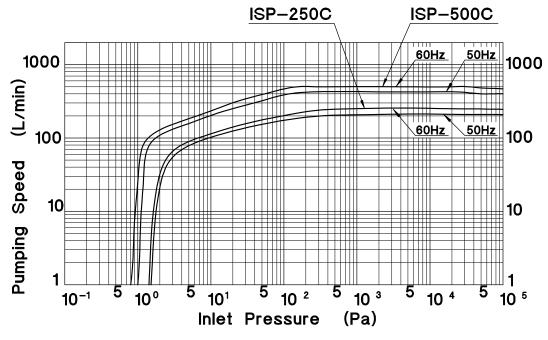
260





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### 8.3 Performance data



### Memo

Manufacturer

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Manual NoV059-05 Code No. 08816575